1	BEFORE THE FEDE	ERAL E	LECTION COMMISSION		
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4	In the matter of)		X	SSZ
5	·)	Ω	7	₹≥ 0
6	MUR 6385	")	CASE CLOSURE UNDER THE	Ċ	
7	DAN SEALS FOR CONGRESS AND)	ENFORCEMENT PRIORITY 🤝	. =	SEE LE
8	HARRY PASCAL, AS TREASURER)	SYSTEM	흄	第三
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GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

Under the Enforcement Priority System ("EPS"), the Commission uses formal scoring criteria to allocate its resources and decide which cases to parsue. These ariteria include, but are not limited to, an assessment of (1) the gravity of the alleged violation, both with respect te the type of activity and the amount in violation, (2) the apparent impact the alleged violation may have had on the electoral process, (3) the legal complexity of issues raised in the case, (4) recent trends in potential violations of the Act, and (5) development of the law with respect to certain subject matters. It is the Commission's policy that pursuing low-rated matters, compared to other higher-rated matters on the Enforcement docket, warrants the exercise of its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss certain cases, or in certain cases where there are no facts to support the allegations, to make no reason to believe findings. For the reasons set forth below, this Office resonneeds that the Commission make no reason to believe findings in MUR 6385.

In this matter, the complainant, Carol Deitch, allages that Dan Saals' principal campaign committee, Dan Seals for Congress and Harry Pascal, in his official capacity as treasurer ("the Committee"), accepted at least nine contributions, totaling \$25,550, which were allegedly designated for Mr. Seals' primary election, but were received after the February 2, 2010 primary, in violation of 2 U.S.C. §§ 441a(a)(1) and (a)(2), and 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(3) and 110.2(b)(3).

Mr. Seals won the February 2, 2010 primary election, becoming the Democratic Party nominee to represent Illinois' 10th Congrussical District in the U.S. House of Representatives. Mn. Scals lost in the general election on November 2, 2010.

- 1 Specifically, the complainant asserts that the Committee accepted the following primary
- 2 contributions, from one individual and eight multi-candidate political committees, after the
- 3 February 2, 2010 primary election:

Table 1. Primary Contributions Accepted Post-Primary

Date	Contributor	Amount
2/14/10	Roberta Goldberg	\$50
3/07/10	Progressive Choices PAC	\$2,000
3/21/10	American Association for Justice PAC	\$5,000
3/25/10*	Communication Workers of America	\$1,500
3/29/10	AFSCME	\$5,000
3/29/10	IBEW PAC	\$5,000
3/30/10	SEIU	\$5,000
3/31/10	Taking The Hill PAC	\$1,000
3/31/10	We The People PAC	\$1,000
	TOTAL	\$25,550

^{*}Amended 2010 April Quarterly Report shows contribution designated for general election.

The complainant further points out that the Committee's 12-Day Pre-Primary Report,

- 7 covering the period from October 1, 2009 to January 13, 2010, and filed on January 21, 2010,
- 8 discloses \$145,760.08 cash on hand and no debt. Additionally, the Committee's 2010 April
- 9 Quarterly Report, covering January 14, 2010 through March 31, 2010, filed on April 15, 2010,
- 10 and amended on June 29, 2010, discloses \$458,053.50 cash on hand and \$26,668.87 in debts and
- 11 obligations. Therefore, according to the complainant, it does not appear that the contributions at
- issue were for the purpose of retiring primary election debt, as required by 11 C.F.R.
- 13 §§ 110.1(b)(3) and 110.2(b)(3), which permit individuals and multi-cantidate committees,
- 14 respectively, to make contributions designated for a certain election after the election has
- 15 occurred, but only to the extent that such contributions do not exceed the net debts outstanding
- 16 stemming from the election.
- In response, the Committee asserts that the contributions designated for the primary
- 18 election that it accepted after the primary election were used solely for the purpose of retiring

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- 1 primary debt. The Committee explains that it had incurred approximately \$37,809.00 in
- 2 primary-related debt as of the February 2, 2010 election, and provided with its response a
- 3 schedule of expenses allegedly associated with the primary election race, totaling \$37,808.60.
- 4 Furthermore, according to the response, the Committee had \$48,079.00 cash on hand at the close
- 5 of the primary election, \$41,335.00 of which consisted of general election contributions.
- 6 Accordingly, the Committee explains that its "Net Primary Cash Balance" was only \$6,744.00
- 7 (\$48,079.69 in cash on hand mirror \$41,335.00 in general election contributions), meaning that it
- 8 could permissibly accept approximately \$31,065.00 in monnection with the primary election race
- 9 (or \$37,809.00 in expenses incurred in connection with the primary minus \$6,744.00 in primary
- 10 cash), for the purpose of retiring its primary debt. The Committee further explains that, as of the
- date of the response, it had accepted \$30,952.00 in contributions designated for the primary
- 12 election since the February 2, 2010 election.

A contribution designated in writing for a particular election, but made after that election, shall be made only to the extent that the contribution does not exceed net debts outstanding from such election. 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(3) and 110.2(b)(3). Specifically, an authorized committee may accept contributions made after the date of an election if those contributions: (1) are designated in writing by the contributor for that election; (2) do not exceed the adjusted amount of net debts entotauding on the date the contribution is necessary, and (3) do not exceed the contribution limitations in effect on the date of such election. Id. The Commission defines "net debts outstanding" as the total amount of unpaid debts and obligations incurred with respect to an election, less the total cash on hand available to pay those debts and obligations. 11 C.F.R. § 110.1(b)(3)(ii). For the purpose of calculating net debts outstanding for the primary, cash on

hand need not include pre-primary contributions that are specifically designated for the general

- 1 election. See Contribution and Expenditure Limitations and Prohibitions Explanation and
- 2 Justification, 52 Fed. Reg. 762 (January 7, 1987).
- The Committee's response asserts that its net debts outstanding for the primary election,
- 4 as of the date of the election, totaled \$31,065, and there is no information to suggest otherwise.²
- 5 We note that a contribution from the Communications Workers of America was incorrectly
- 6 reported as being designated for the primary election (see Amended 2010 April Quarterly
- 7 Report). Therefore, the primary election contributions at issue in this case, and received after the
- 8 primary election, amount to \$24,050, for a total of \$30,952 in primary contributions as of
- 9 October 13, 2010, or \$113.00 less than the Committee's net primary election debt (\$31,065),
- 10 reported as of February 2, 2010. Thus, it appears that the contributions designated for the
- 11 primary election and accepted after the primary election did not exceed the amount of net debts
- 12 outstanding.³ Accordingly, we recommend the Commission find no reason to believe that Dan
- 13 Seals for Congress and Harry Pascal, in his official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C.
- 14 §§ 441a(a)(1) and (2) and 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(3) and 110.2(b)(3).

A review of the Committee's 2010 April Quarterly Report reveals that all of the primary expenses listed on the schedule attached to the response, in support of its \$37,809.00 primary debt calculation, were in fact disclosed on the report as disbursements made for the primary, and made within two weeks of the primary election.

There are no allegations that the contributions at issue were not designated in writing by the contributor for the primary election, or that they exceeded the contribution limits in effect on the date of the election. Furthermore, there is no outside information to indicate that these contributions did not meet them requirements. A review of the Committee's disclarate reports reveals that the contributions at issue were designated for the primary election, aside from one exception explained above, and none exceeded contribution limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Find no reason to believe that Dan Seals for Congress and Harry Pascal, in his official capacity as treasurer, violated 2 U.S.C. §§ 441a(a)(1) and (2), and 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(3) and 110.2(b)(3). 2. Close the file and send the appropriate letters. Christopher Hughey **Acting General Counsel** BY: Gregory R. Baker Special Counsel **Complaints Examination** & Legal Administration Supervisory Attorney **Complaints Examination** & Legal Administration et Retreat, DD Margaret Rit Attorney

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